



INTRODUCTION TO THE CDIO APPROACH TO ENGINEERING EDUCATION

MOTIVES, IMPLEMENTATION AND EFFECTS ON EDUCATIONAL QUALITY

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OUTLINE



- What is CDIO?
- Case: CDIO in Chalmers' mechanical engineering
 programme
- Impact of CDIO implementation on educational quality





• An <u>idea</u> of what engineering students should learn and how: To become "Engineers who can engineer"

• A <u>methodology</u> for engineering education reform: The CDIO Syllabus and the 12 CDIO Standards

 A <u>community</u>: The CDIO Initiative with 120+ universities as members





<u>WHAT</u> SHOULD ENGINEERING STUDENTS LEARN?

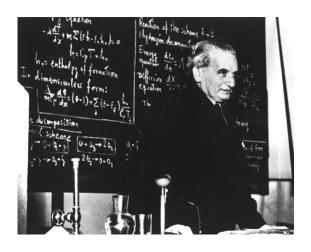
HOW SHOULD THEY LEARN IT?

THE PROFESSIONAL ROLE OF ENGINEERS

"Scientists investigate that which already is. Engineers <u>create</u> that which has never been. - Theodore von Karmann



"What you need to invent, is an imagination and a pile of junk" - Thomas Edison







"Engineers <u>Conceive</u>, <u>Design</u>, <u>Implement</u> and <u>Operate</u> complex products and systems in a modern team-based engineering environment"





Lifecycle of a product, process, project, system, software, material

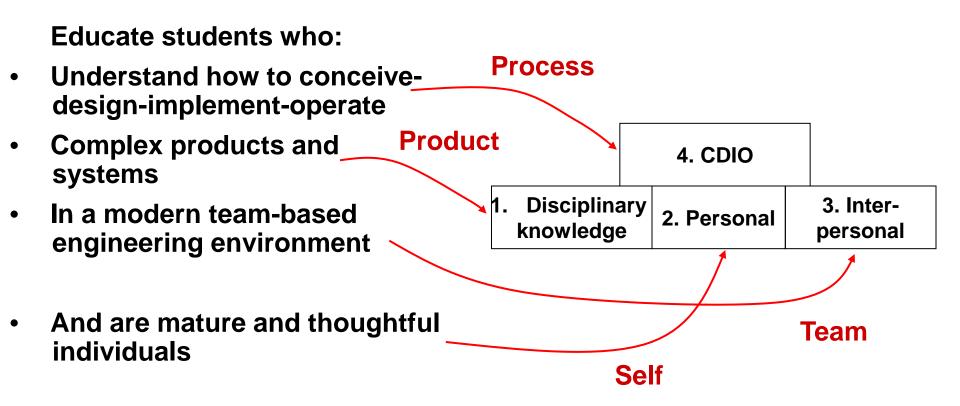
- **Conceive**: customer needs, technology, enterprise strategy, regulations; and conceptual, technical, and business plans
- Design: plans, drawings, and algorithms that describe what will be implemented
- Implement: transformation of the design into the product, process, or system, including manufacturing, coding, testing and validation
- Operate: the implemented product or process delivering the intended value, including maintaining, evolving and retiring the system



Duke University

FROM UNDERLYING NEED TO PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES





The CDIO Syllabus - a comprehensive statement of detailed goals for an engineering education

THE CDIO SYLLABUS 2.0



- A generalized list of competences that an engineer should possess
- Program specific (1) and general (2-4)
- Created and validated by alumni, faculty and students
- A "complete" reference model

Disciplinary Knowledge & Reasoning:

- 1.1 Knowledge of underlying mathematics and sciences
- 1.2 Core engineering fundamental knowledge
- 1.3 Advanced engineering fundamental knowledge, methods and tools

2 Personal and Professional Skills

- 2.1 Analytical reasoning and problem solving
- 2.2 Experimentation, investigation and knowledge discovery
- 2.3 System thinking
- 2.4 Attitudes, thought and learning
- 2.5 Ethics, equity and other responsibilities

3 Interpersonal Skills

- 3.1 Teamwork
- 3.2 Communications
- 3.3 Communication in a foreign language

4 CDIO of Complex Systems

- 4.1 External, societal and environmental context
- 4.2 Enterprise and business context
- 4.3 Conceiving, systems engineering and management
- 4.4 Designing
- 4.5 Implementing
- 4.6 Operating
- 4.7 Leadership
- 4.8 Entrepreneurship

CDIO Syllabus contains 2-3 more layers of detail



An education that stresses the fundamentals, set in the context of Conceiving – Designing – Implementing – Operating systems and products:

- Clear, detailed programme learning outcomes that express a holistic view of engineering
- A curriculum organised around mutually supporting courses, with CDIO activities highly interwoven
- Rich with student design-build projects
- Integrating learning of professional skills such as teamwork and communication
- Featuring active and experiential learning
- Taught by teachers with scientific, engineering and pedagogic competence
- Constantly improved through quality assurance process with higher aims than accreditation





Retask current assets and resources in:

- Curriculum
- Teaching and learning methods
- Design-implement experiences and engineering workspaces
- Learning assessment methods
- Faculty competence
- Program evaluation

A systematic approach is needed to address these issues!



THE CDIO EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT METHODOLOGY

CDIO DEVELOPMENT METHODOLOGY

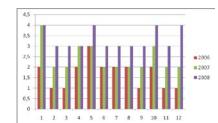
- CDIO syllabus WHAT
- CDIO standards HOW
- CDIO curriculum design process – from WHAT to HOW
- CDIO standards self-evaluation – HOW WELL



- 1.1 Knowledge of underlying mathematics and sciences 1.2 Core engineering fundamental knowledge 1.3 Advanced engineering fundamental knowledge, methods
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- 2 Personal and Professional Skills
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THE CDIO CURRICULUM DESIGN PROCESS





1. The Context

Adoption of the principle that product. Process, and system lifecycic development and deployment are the context for engineering education 2. Learning Outcomes Specific, detailed learning outcomes for personal,

interpersonal, and product, process and system building skills, consistent with program goals and validated by program stakeholders 3. Integrated Curriculum

A curriculum designed with mutually supporting disciplinary subjects, with an explicit plan to integrate personal, interpersonal, and product, process, and system building skills

4. Introduction to Engineering

An introductory course that provides the framework for engineering practice in product. Process, and system building, and introduces essential personal and interpersonal skills 5. Design-Implement Experiences

A curriculum that includes two or more design-implement experiences, including one at a basic level and one at an advanced level

 Engineering Workspaces
 Workspaces and laboratories that support and encourage hands-on learning of product, process, and system building disciplinary knowledge, and social learning

Integrated learning experiences that lead to the acquisition of disciplinary knowledge, as well as personal, interpersonal and produc, process,t and system building skills 8. Active Learning

. Integrated Learning Experiences

cdio

Teaching and learning based on active experiential learning methods

 Enhancement of Faculty Skills Competence Actions that enhance faculty competence in personal, interpersonal, and product and system building skills ID. Enhancement of Faculty Tacabing Competence Actions that enhance faculty competence in providing integrated learning experiences, in using active experiential learning methods, and in assessing student learning 11. Learning Assessment

Assessment of student learning in personal, interpersonal, and product, process, and system building skills, as well as in disciplinary knowledge 12. Program Evaluation

A system that evaluates programs against these 12 standards, and provides feedback to students, faculty, and other stakeholders for the purposes of continuous improvement



THE 12 CDIO STANDARDS – THE GUIDELINES FOR CDIO DEVELOPMENT

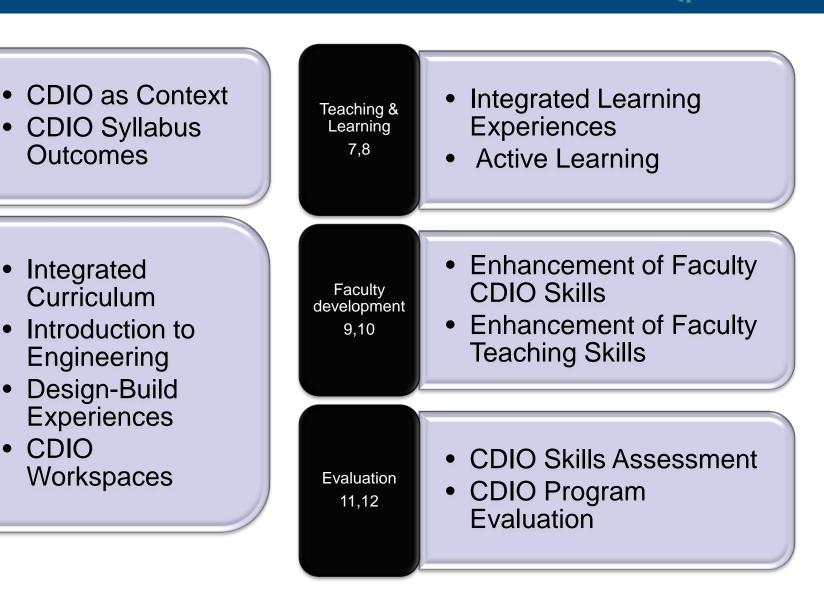
Context &

golals 1,2

CDIO

curriculum & spac<u>e</u>

3,4,5,6



cdio



CASE:

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AT CHALMERS UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, SWEDEN

PLANNING THE CHANGE AT CHALMERS cdio

| Identify needs & opportunities for change | Strengths + More Project-based courses Design courses |
|--|--|
| | Weaknesses No design-build-test projects, lack of authenticity Employer requested better communication skills, project leadership & initiative + More Poor links between maths and engineering subjects |
| Establish vision & strategy | CDIO was selected as basis for a program vision & strategy |
| Identify early successes | 4 th year design-build-test competition-based projects were focused (Formula Student, Autonomous vehicles) |
| Set up system for measuring the change | Self-assessment vs CDIO standards |





Design-implement experiences are instructional events in which learning occurs through the creation of a <u>product</u>, <u>process</u>, or <u>system</u>

- Train authentic engineering and decision-making
- Provide the natural context in which to teach many CDIO syllabus skills (teamwork, communications, designing, implementing)

DESIGN-BUILD-TEST PROJECT EXAMPLE cdio

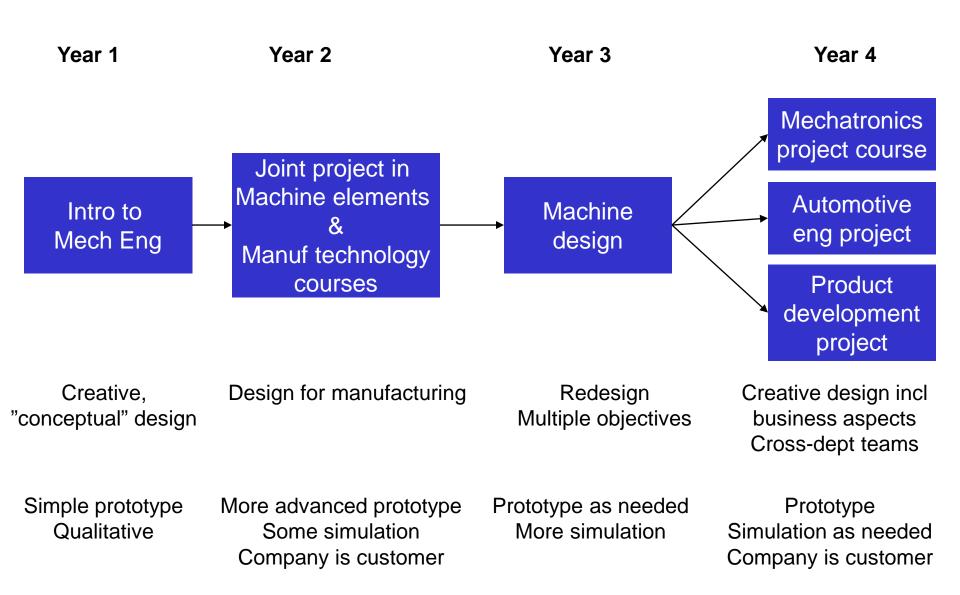
Chalmers Eco-Marathon Vera





A PLANNED LEARNING SEQUENCE FOR DESIGN SKILLS



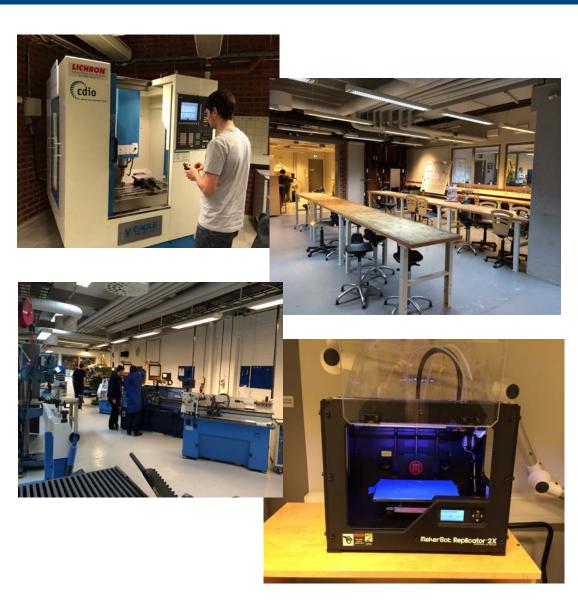


THE PROTOTYPING LABORATORY



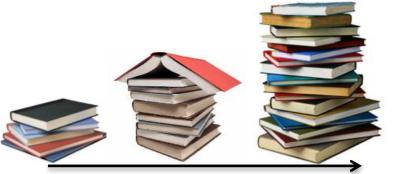
- 450 m2 facility where students can build prototypes
- Metal machining, woodworking, rapid prototyping, waterjet welding, electronics, composites (soon)

 Used in courses and projects from year 1 to master thesis





Integrated learning experiences develop **both** technical knowledge and "generic" skills (communication, teamwork, ethics, sustainability, etc)



Acquisition of technical knowledge



Development of generic skills



Year 1

| Intro Mathematics | Single-variable | Linear Algebra | Several-variable |
|-------------------------|---|----------------|--------------------|
| 7.5 ECTS | Calculus 7.5 ECTS | 7.5 ECTS | Calculus 7.5 ECTS |
| Program ng in | CAD M hp | | Mechai s and Solid |
| Matlab 4.5 ECTS | | Mechanics I | Mechanics II |
| Intro to Mechanical Eng | 7.5 ECTS $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ | 7.5 ECTS | 7.5 ECTS |

Common computation labs in mathematics, programming & engineering science

• Communications

Year 2

| Mechanics and Solid Mechanics I II | Machine Elements 7.5 ECTS | Integrated Design and Manufacturing Project 7.5 ECTS | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|--|
| 7.5 ECTS | 7.5 LC15 | 7.5 LC15 | | | |
| Materials | Materials and | Sustainable product | Industri Production | | |
| 7.5 ECTS | Manufacturing | development 4.5 E | & Org 🗧 CTS 🗨 🗨 | | |
| | Technology | Thermodynamics | Industria Economics | | |
| \bigcirc | 7.5 ECTS | 7.5 ECTS | 4 ECTS | | |

Year 3

| Mechatronics 7.5 ECTS | Control Engineering 7.5 ECTS | Bachelor Thesis Project 15 ECTS | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 7.5 EC15 | 7.5 EC 15 | | | | |
| Fluid Mechanics7.5 ECTS | Elective I 7.5 ECTS | Elective II 7.5 ECTS | Mathematical Statistics 7.5 ECTS | | |

- Teamwork
- Sustainability
- Ethics

Integrative project in design & manufacturing

REFORMED MATHEMATICS EMPHASIZING SIMULATIONS

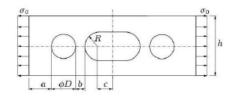
- Motivate importance of mathematics and applied mechanics courses
- Realistic engineering
 problems

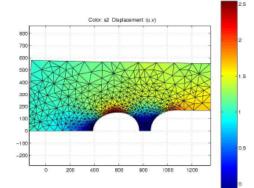
Year 1 lab example

Analys av plan elastiska skiva med fyra hål

Beräkna spänningskoncentrationsfaktorn. Avgör om spänningshöjningarna vid hålen samverkar. Symmetrier skall utnyttjas.

- Working method based on modelling, simulation & analysis
- MATLAB programming
- Visualization of mechanical behaviour

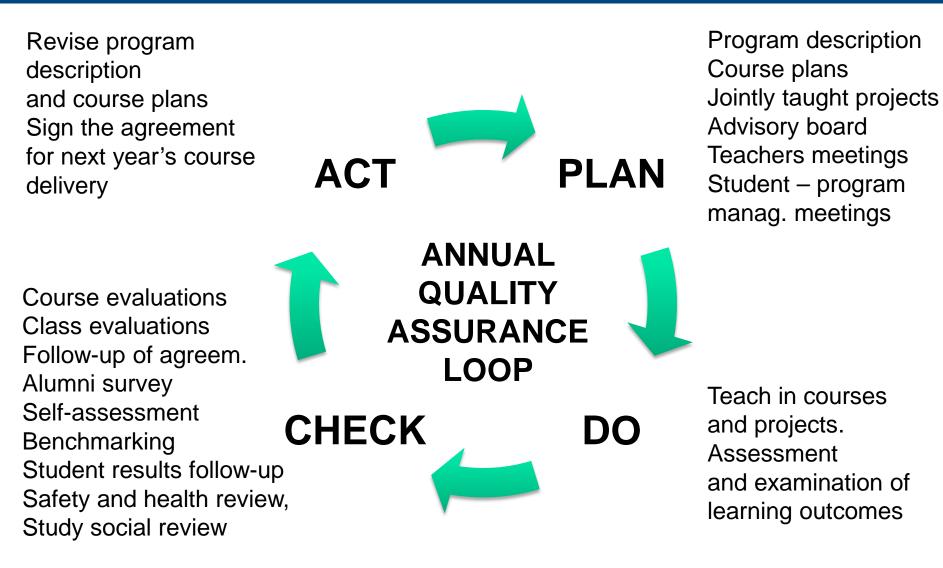






A SYSTEM FOR CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT





A CULTURE OF CHANGE



| Pre CDIO | CDIO planning | CDIO basic design & piloting | CDIO implementation | CDIO + |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| -2000 | 2000-2001 | 2001-2004 | 2004-2008 | 2009-2013 |
| M2000 reform Project courses More design Early eng experiences Master-like profiles No design- build-test | Set project goals Concretize CDIO concept Bench- marking Design-build- test pilots | Prototyping lab Multiple design-build- test projects Integrated learning 3+2 education structure adapted | Mathematics Sustainability Bachelor project English on master level HSV Excellence center | Virtual learning environment for math stat Integrated sustainability Material science courses with product focus |
| | | | | Set new goals |

• Visiting committee

CURRENT FOCUS



- Entrepreneurship for the few and for the many
- New technologies
- Preparing for global collaboration and competition
- Ethics
- Blended learning
- Challenge-based learning experiences
- Composites fabrication

SOME RECOGNITION

The ME programme was evaluated as *very high quality* in the 2013 Swedish national evaluation

Engineering programme of the year 2012, Swedish Industry Association

Center of excellence in higher education 2008, National Agency of higher education









HÖGSKOLEVERKET

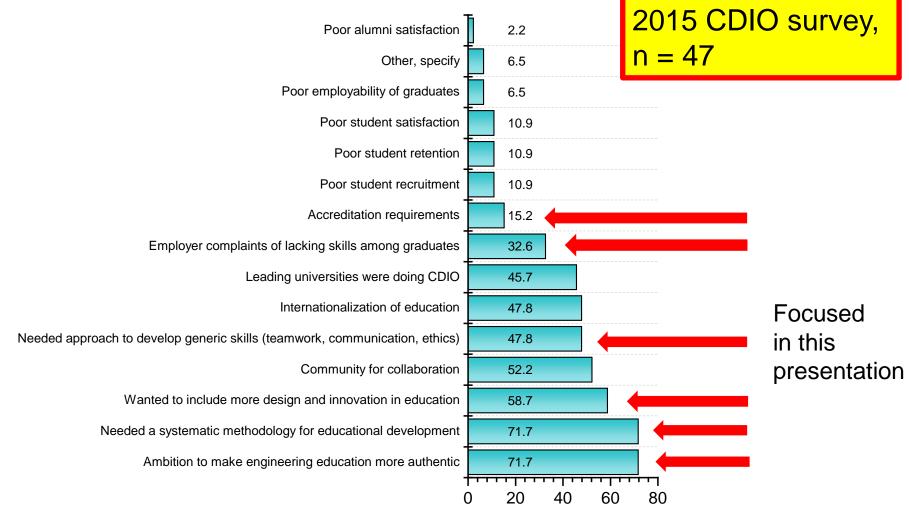




EFFECTS OF CDIO IMPLEMENTATION ON EDUCATIONAL QUALITY?

MOTIVES FOR ADAPTING CDIO



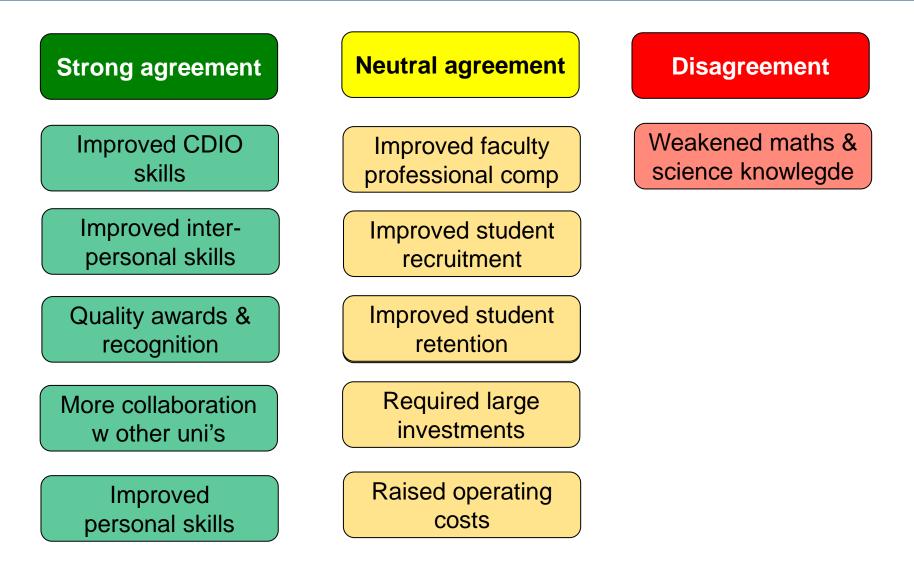


Percentage Choosing Reason

Malmqvist, Hugo & Kjellberg, 2015

EFFECTS (SELECTED)





APPLYING CDIO TO PREPARE FOR ACCREDITATION REVIEW



 The ABET, EUR-ACE, ... accreditation standards/criteria are "WHATS", ie they do not say how a particular criteria should be addressed

 The CDIO standards are "HOWS" which address about ³/₄ of the ABET or EUR-ACE requirements

TABLE 3.3 THE CDIO SYLLABUS CORRELATED WITH ABET'S EVALUATIVE CRITERION 3

| | ABET's Evaluative Criterion 3 | | | | ; | _ | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----------|
| CDIO Syllabus | | b | с | d | е | f | g | h | i | j | k |
| 1.1 Knowledge of Underlying Mathematics, Science | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.2 Core Engineering Fundamental Knowledge | | | | | | | | | | | Г |
| 1.3 Adv. Engr. Fund. Knowledge, Methods, Tools | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.1 Analytical Reasoning and Problem Solving | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.2 Exper. Investigation and Knowledge Discovery | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.3 System Thinking | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.4 Attitudes, Thought, and Learning | | | | | | | | | | | \square |
| 2.5 Ethics, Equity, and Other Responsibilities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.1 Teamwork | | | | | | | | | | | \square |
| 3.2 Communications | | | | | | | | | | | \square |
| 3.3 Communication in Foreign Languages | | | | | | | | | | | \square |
| 4.1 External, Societal, and Environmental Context | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.2 Enterprise and Business Context | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4.3 Conceiving, Systems Engr., and Management | | | | | | | | | | | Γ |
| 4.4 Designing | | | | | | | | | | | \square |
| 4.5 Implementing | | | | | | | | | | | Γ |
| 4.6 Operating | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | ood | | | | | | | |

| ABET Criteria | Elements | CDIO standard | | |
|------------------------------|--|------------------|--|--|
| 4. Continuous improvement | Documented processes that assess and evaluate that intended student outcomes are attained. | 11, 12 | | |
| | Systematic use of results from evaluation processes to improve program | | | |
| | Use of other data to improve programme | | | |

CDIO APPLICATION TO PREPARE FOR ACCREDITATION (EXAMPLES)



| Country | University | Discipline | Year | Agency |
|-----------|--------------------------|-------------|------|------------------------|
| USA | US Naval Academy | Aerospace | | ABET |
| | MIT | Aerospace | | ABET |
| Australia | Uni Sydney | Electrical | 2009 | Engineers Australia |
| Portugal | ISEP | Informatics | 2012 | EUR-ACE |
| Singapore | Singapore Polytechnic | Chemical | 2012 | IChemE |
| | Nanyang Polytechnic | Aerospace | 2013 | ABET |
| Sweden | Chalmers UT | All | 2013 | HSV |
| Vietnam | Duy Tan Univ | Software | 2013 | ABET (planned) |
| | | | | |

TO SUMMARIZE:

CDIO aims to educate students who are able to:

- Master a deeper working knowledge of the technical fundamentals
- Lead in the creation and operation of new products, processes, and systems
- Understand the importance and strategic impact of research and technological development on society
- To learn more, visit <u>www.cdio.org</u> or read Rethinking Engineering Education: The CDIO Approach, 2nd ed by Crawley, Malmqvist, Östlund, Brodeur & Edström, 2014

Edward F. Crawley · Johan Malmqvist Sören Östlund · Doris R. Brodeur Kristina Edström

Rethinking Engineering Education

The CDIO Approach Second Edition





Thank you for listening!

Any questions or comments?